Northwest Freeway Municipal Utility District Harris County, Texas

Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Northwest Freeway Municipal Utility District Harris County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Northwest Freeway Municipal Utility District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one

resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

Houston, Texas November 7, 2024

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission).

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, sanitary sewer and drainage services. Other activities, such as the provision of recreation facilities and solid waste collection, are minor activities and are not budgeted or accounted for as separate programs. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented on the left side of the statements, a column for adjustments is to the right of the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements are presented to the right side of the adjustments column. The following sections describe the measurement focus of the two types of statements and the significant differences in the information they provide.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District. The District's government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities, which are prepared using accounting principles that are similar to commercial enterprises. The purpose of the statement of net position is to attempt to report all of the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the District. The District reports all of its assets when it acquires or begins to maintain the assets and reports all of its liabilities when they are incurred.

The difference between the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled as net position and this difference is similar to the total stockholders' equity presented by a commercial enterprise.

The purpose of the statement of activities is to present the revenues and expenses of the District. Again, the items presented on the statement of activities are measured in a manner similar to the approach used by a commercial enterprise in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied and expenses are reported when incurred by the District. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months or years after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current year.

Although the statement of activities looks different from a commercial enterprise's statement of income, the financial statement is different only in format, not substance. Whereas the bottom line in a commercial enterprise is its net income, the District reports an amount described as change in net position, essentially the same thing.

Fund Financial Statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole. Except for the general fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties or governmental statutes or regulations.

Governmental Funds

Governmental-fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted into cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a very short period of time, but do not include capital assets such as land and water, sewer and drainage systems. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a very short period after the end of the fiscal year. The difference between a fund's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled the fund balance and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of the government-wide and fund financial statements is different, there are significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that describes the adjustments to fund balances to arrive at net position presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position, as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data found in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's overall financial position and activities for the past two years are summarized as follows, based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements:

Summary of Net Position

	2024	2023
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 7,525,379 4,727,444	\$ 7,208,164 4,663,212
Total assets	12,252,823	11,871,376
Deferred outflows of resources	32,544	34,445
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 12,285,367	\$ 11,905,821
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	\$ 7,656,583 367,571	\$ 7,941,010 301,164
Total liabilities	8,024,154	8,242,174

Summary of Net Position (Continued)

	 2024	2023
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 433,486	\$ 350,275
Restricted	777,955	540,272
Unrestricted	 3,049,772	 2,773,100
Total net position	\$ 4,261,213	\$ 3,663,647

The total net position of the District increased by \$597,566, or about 16%. The majority of the increase in net position is related to property tax revenues intended to pay principal on the District's bonded indebtedness, which is shown as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Summary of Changes in Net Position

	2024	2023
Revenues: Property taxes Charges for services Other revenues	\$ 1,331,131 1,206,434 466,260	\$ 1,220,715 1,256,250 364,702
Total revenues	3,003,825	2,841,667
Expenses: Services Depreciation Debt service	1,882,522 248,100 275,637	1,877,699 236,554 285,068
Total expenses	2,406,259	2,399,321
Change in net position	597,566	442,346
Net position, beginning of year	3,663,647	3,221,301
Net position, end of year	\$ 4,261,213	\$ 3,663,647

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's combined fund balances as of the end of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, were \$7,118,870, an increase of \$219,132 from the prior year.

The general fund's fund balance increased by \$262,402, primarily due to property taxes, water and sewer services and regional water fee revenues and investment income exceeding service operations expenditures.

The debt service fund's fund balance decreased by \$9,136, primarily due to bond principal and interest requirements and contracted services expenditures exceeding property tax revenues.

The capital projects fund's fund balance decreased by \$34,134 due to capital outlay expenditures exceeding investment income.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were several differences between the final budgetary amounts and actual amounts. The major differences between budget and actual were due to property tax revenues and capital outlay and other expenditures being greater than expected, as well as regional water fee revenues and regional water authority and repairs and maintenance expenditures being less than expected. In addition, tap connection and inspection fees revenues budgeted were not received and tap connections expenditures budgeted were not expended. The fund balance as of June 30, 2024, was expected to be \$2,861,268 and the actual end-of-year fund balance was \$3,009,436.

Capital Assets and Related Debt

Capital Assets

Capital assets held by the District at the end of the current and previous fiscal years are summarized below:

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

		2024	 2023
Land and improvements Construction in progress Water facilities Wastewater facilities	\$	865,923 293,102 1,817,516 1,750,903	\$ 865,923 217,318 1,742,518 1,837,453
Total capital assets	\$	4,727,444	\$ 4,663,212
During the current year, additions to capital assets were as follows: Construction in progress related to engineering for water plant No. 3 improvements and wastewater treatment plant rehabilitation Water plant No. 3 recoating New fence at water plant No. 3 Replacement of butterfly valve at the ground storage tank and 1-inch airline from control building to hydropnuematic tank Replacement of lift pump Nos. 2 and 3	\$	75,784 163,149 21,775 17,522 34,102	
	•	·	
Total additions to capital assets	_\$_	312,332	

Debt

The changes in the debt position of the District during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, are summarized as follows.

Northwest Freeway Municipal Utility District Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2024

(Continued)

Long-term debt payable, beginning of year	\$ 7,941,010
Decreases in long-term debt	(284,427)
Long-term debt payable, end of year	\$ 7,656,583

At June 30, 2024, the District had \$26,180,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the water, sanitary sewer and drainage systems within the District.

The District's bonds carry an underlying rating of "BBB+" from Standard & Poor's (S&P). The Series 2016, Refunding Series 2017 and Series 2018 bonds carry a "AA" rating from S&P by virtue of bond insurance issued by Assured Guaranty, Inc.

Other Relevant Factors

Relationship to the City of Houston

Under existing Texas law, since the District lies wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Houston (the City), the District must conform to the City ordinance consenting to the creation of the District. In addition, the District may be annexed by the City without the District's consent. If the District is annexed, the City must assume the District's assets and obligations (including the bonded indebtedness) and abolish the District within 90 days.

Northwest Freeway Municipal Utility District Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2024

	General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Total		Adjustments		Statement of Net Position	
Assets												
Cash	\$	191,879	\$	85,342	\$	434	\$	277,655	\$	_	\$	277,655
Certificates of deposit		770,000		-		-		770,000		-		770,000
Short-term investments		2,132,703		151,040		3,908,456		6,192,199		-		6,192,199
Receivables:												
Property taxes		40,336		39,080		-		79,416		-		79,416
Service accounts		153,615		-		-		153,615		-		153,615
Accrued penalty and interest		-		-		-		-		24,794		24,794
Accrued interest		14,120		-		-		14,120		-		14,120
Interfund receivable		17,016		-		-		17,016		(17,016)		-
Prepaid expenditures		13,580		-		-		13,580		-		13,580
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):												
Land and improvements		-		-		-		-		865,923		865,923
Construction in progress		-		-		-		-		293,102		293,102
Infrastructure										3,568,419		3,568,419
Total assets		3,333,249		275,462		3,908,890		7,517,601		4,735,222		12,252,823
Deferred Outflows of Resources												
Deferred amount on debt refundings										32,544		32,544
Total assets and deferred	_		_									
outflows of resources	\$	3,333,249	\$	275,462	\$	3,908,890	\$	7,517,601	\$	4,767,766	\$	12,285,367

Northwest Freeway Municipal Utility District Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2024

Liabilities		General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Total	Adjustments		Statement of Net Position
Accounts payable	\$	143,332	\$	7,922	\$	10,900	\$	162,154	\$ -	\$	162,154
Accounts payable Accrued interest payable	Ф	143,332	Ф	1,922	Ф	10,900	Ф	102,134	ء - 65,272	Ф	65,272
Customer deposits		- 140,145		-		-		- 140,145	05,272		,
Interfund payable		140, 143		- 17,016		-		17,016	(17,016)		140,145
Long-term liabilities:		-		17,010		-		17,010	(17,010)		-
-		_						_	205.000		205.000
Due within one year		-		-		-		-	295,000		295,000
Due after one year								-	7,361,583		7,361,583
Total liabilities		283,477		24,938		10,900	_	319,315	7,704,839		8,024,154
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Deferred property tax revenues		40,336		39,080				79,416	(79,416)		-
Fund Balances/Net Position											
Fund balances:											
Nonspendable, prepaid expenditures		13,580		_		_		13,580	(13,580)		-
Restricted:		•						•	, ,		
Unlimited tax bonds		-		211,444		_		211,444	(211,444)		-
Water, sewer and drainage		_		_		3,897,990		3,897,990	(3,897,990)		-
Unassigned		2,995,856				<u>-</u>		2,995,856	(2,995,856)		-
Total fund balances		3,009,436		211,444		3,897,990		7,118,870	(7,118,870)		-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows											
of resources and fund balances	\$	3,333,249	\$	275,462	\$	3,908,890	\$	7,517,601			
Net position:											
Net investment in capital assets									433,486		433,486
Restricted for debt service									210,046		210,046
Restricted for capital projects									567,909		567,909
Unrestricted									3,049,772		3,049,772
Total net position									\$ 4,261,213	\$	4,261,213

Northwest Freeway Municipal Utility District Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2024

Parama		General Fund	;	Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Total	Ac	Adjustments		Statement of Activities
Revenues Property taxes	\$	728,198	\$	579,503	\$		\$	1,307,701	\$	23,430	\$	1,331,131
Water service	φ	364,955	φ	379,303	φ	-	φ	364,955	Φ	23,430	φ	364,955
Sewer service		522,862		-		-		522,862		-		522,862
				-		-				-		
Regional water fee		318,617		-		-		318,617		-		318,617
Penalty and interest		66,508		20,838		-		87,346		6,388		93,734
Investment income	_	146,416		7,460	_	218,650		372,526			_	372,526
Total revenues		2,147,556		607,801		218,650		2,974,007		29,818		3,003,825
Expenditures/Expenses												
Service operations:												
Regional water authority		334,447		-		-		334,447		-		334,447
Professional fees		174,106		8,167		-		182,273		13,060		195,333
Contracted services		576,621		29,340		-		605,961		654		606,615
Utilities		77,326		-		-		77,326		-		77,326
Repairs and maintenance		462,180		-		-		462,180		4,150		466,330
Other expenditures		182,925		19,409		137		202,471		-		202,471
Capital outlay		77,549		-		252,647		330,196		(330,196)		-
Depreciation		-		-		-		-		248,100		248,100
Debt service:												
Principal retirement		_		290,000		-		290,000		(290,000)		-
Interest and fees	_			270,021				270,021		5,616		275,637
Total expenditures/expenses		1,885,154		616,937		252,784		2,754,875		(348,616)		2,406,259
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues												
Over Expenditures		262,402		(9,136)		(34,134)		219,132		(219,132)		
Change in Net Position										597,566		597,566
Fund Balances/Net Position Beginning of year		2,747,034		220,580		3,932,124		6,899,738		_		3,663,647
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End of year	\$	3,009,436	\$	211,444	\$	3,897,990	\$	7,118,870	\$	-	\$	4,261,213

Note 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Northwest Freeway Municipal Utility District (the District) was created by an order of the Texas Water Rights Commission, now known as the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission), effective March 10, 1977, in accordance with the Texas Water Code, Chapter 54. The District operates in accordance with Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code and is subject to the continuing supervision of the Commission. The principal functions of the District are to finance, construct, own and operate waterworks, wastewater and drainage facilities and to provide such facilities and services to the customers of the District.

The District is governed by a Board of Directors (the Board) consisting of five individuals who are residents or owners of property within the District and are elected by voters within the District. The Board sets the policies of the District. The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies of the District:

Reporting Entity

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the District. There are no component units that are legally separate entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. Accountability is defined as the District's substantive appointment of the voting majority of the component unit's governing board. Furthermore, to be financially accountable, the District must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, wastewater, drainage and other related services. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented with a column for adjustments to convert to the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the District. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues. The statement of activities reflects the revenues and expenses of the District.

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's governmental funds. Separate statements for each governmental fund are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District.

The District presents the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District which accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, charges for services and interest income.

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest related costs, as well as the financial resources being accumulated for future debt service.

Capital Projects Fund – The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays.

Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

The fund balances for the District's governmental funds can be displayed in up to five components:

Nonspendable – Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by resolution of the Board. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by issuance of a resolution by the District's Board.

Assigned – Amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes as determined by management. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

Unassigned – The residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes and donations. Recognition standards are based on the characteristics and classes of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Donations are recognized as revenues, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts received before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as liabilities. Intergovernmental revenues are recognized as revenues, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, in the accounting period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises and the use of resources is required or is first permitted.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of governmental funds revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in spendable resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures and proceeds of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. The District considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Principal revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include taxes, charges for services and investment income. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period and a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Interfund Transactions

Transfers from one fund to another fund are reported as interfund receivables and payables if there is intent to repay the amount and if there is the ability to repay the advance on a timely basis. Transfers represent legally authorized transfers from the fund receiving resources to the fund through which the resources are to be expended.

Pension Costs

The District does not participate in a pension plan and, therefore, has no pension costs.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investments and Investment Income

Investments in certificates of deposit, U.S. Government and agency securities, and certain pooled funds, which have a remaining maturity of one year or less at the date of purchase, are recorded at amortized cost. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market values.

Investment income includes dividends and interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value. Investment income is credited to the fund in which the investment is recorded.

Property Taxes

An appraisal district annually prepares appraisal records listing all property within the District and the appraised value of each parcel or item as of January 1. Additionally, on January 1, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalty and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. After the District receives its certified appraisal roll from the appraisal district, the rate of taxation is set by the Board of the District based upon the aggregate appraisal value. Taxes are due and payable October 1 or when billed, whichever is later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year.

In the governmental funds, property taxes are initially recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the tax levy is billed. Revenues recognized during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, include collections during the current period or within 60 days of year-end related to the 2023 and prior years' tax levies.

In the government-wide statement of net position, property taxes are considered earned in the budget year for which they are levied. For the District's fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the 2023 tax levy is considered earned during the current fiscal year. In addition to property taxes levied, any delinquent taxes are recorded net of amounts considered uncollectible.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of two years or more. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	Years
	•
Water production and distribution facilities	10-45
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	10-45

Deferred Amount on Debt Refundings

In the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt in a debt refunding is deferred and amortized to interest expense using the effective interest rate method over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. Such amounts are classified as deferred outflows or inflows of resources.

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs, other than prepaid insurance, do not meet the definition of an asset or deferred outflows of resources since the costs are not applicable to a future period and, therefore, are recognized as an expense/expenditure in the period incurred.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Premiums and discounts on bonds are recognized as a component of long-term liabilities and amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Fund balances and net position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and fund balances in the governmental funds balance sheet are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	\$ 4,727,444
Property tax revenue recognition and the related reduction of deferred inflows of resources are subject to availability of funds in the fund financial statements.	79,416
Penalty and interest on delinquent taxes is not receivable in the current period and is not reported in the funds.	24,794
Deferred amount on debt refundings for governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	32,544
Accrued interest on long-term liabilities is not payable with current financial resources and is not reported in the funds.	(65,272)
Long-term debt obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	 (7,656,583)
Adjustment to fund balances to arrive at net position.	\$ (2,857,657)

Amounts reported for changes in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from changes in fund balances in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances because:

Change in fund balances. \$ 219,132

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, for government-wide financial statements, the cost of capitalized assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation expense and noncapitalized costs in the current period.

64,232

Governmental funds report principal payments on debt as expenditures. For the statement of activities, these transactions do not have any effect on net position.	\$ 290,000	
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues for the funds, but are reported as revenues in the statement of activities.	29,818	
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	 (5,616)	
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ 597,566	

Note 2. Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; a surety bond; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities of the State of Texas; or certain collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

At June 30, 2024, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

The District may legally invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, direct obligations of Texas or its agencies or instrumentalities, collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the State of Texas or the United States or their agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of states, agencies and counties and other political subdivisions with an investment rating not less than "A," insured or collateralized certificates of deposit, and certain bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, mutual funds, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts and investment pools.

The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

The District invests in Texas CLASS, an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. A Board of Trustees, elected by the participants, has oversight of Texas CLASS. The District's investments may be redeemed at any time. Texas CLASS attempts to minimize its exposure to market and credit risk through the use of various strategies and credit monitoring techniques and limits its investments in any issuer to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The District's investments in Texas CLASS are reported at net asset value.

At June 30, 2024, the District had the following investments and maturities:

Maturities in Years

Туре	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1-5	6-10	More Than 10
Texas CLASS	\$ 6,192,199	<u>\$ 6,192,199</u>	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u> _

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy does not allow investments in certain mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations with a final maturity date in excess of 10 years and interest rate indexed collateralized mortgage obligations. The external investment pool is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one year because it is redeemable in full immediately.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At June 30, 2024, the District's investments in Texas CLASS were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's.

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown previously are included in the balance sheet at June 30, 2024, as follows:

Carrying value: Deposits Investments	\$ 1,047,655 6,192,199
Total	\$ 7,239,854
Included in the following statement of net position captions:	
Cash Certificates of deposit Short-term investments	\$ 277,655 770,000 6,192,199
Total	\$ 7,239,854

Investment Income

Investment income of \$372,526 for the year ended June 30, 2024, consisted of interest income.

Fair Value Measurements

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

• Pooled investments of \$6,192,199 are valued at fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio.

Note 3. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024, is presented as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year	Additions	Balances, End of Year	
Capital assets, non-depreciable:				
Land and improvements	\$ 865,923	\$ -	\$ 865,923	
Construction in progress	217,318	75,784	293,102	
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	1,083,241	75,784	1,159,025	
Capital assets, depreciable:				
Water production and distribution facilities	4,407,438	202,446	4,609,884	
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	4,796,749	34,102	4,830,851	
Total capital assets, depreciable	9,204,187	236,548	9,440,735	
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Water production and distribution facilities	(2,664,920)	(127,448)	(2,792,368)	
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	(2,959,296)	(120,652)	(3,079,948)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,624,216)	(248,100)	(5,872,316)	
Total governmental activities, net	\$ 4,663,212	\$ 64,232	\$ 4,727,444	

Note 4. Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2024, were as follows:

Governmental Activities		Balances, Beginning of Year		Decreases		Balances, End of Year		Amounts Due in One Year	
Bonds payable:									
General obligation bonds	\$	8,115,000	\$	290,000	\$	7,825,000	\$	295,000	
Less discounts on bonds		177,249		5,753		171,496		-	
Add premiums on bonds		3,259		180		3,079			
Total governmental									
activities long-term									
liabilities	\$	7,941,010	\$	284,427	\$	7,656,583	\$	295,000	

General Obligation Bonds

	Series 2016	Refunding Series 2017
Amounts outstanding, June 30, 2024	\$1,165,000	\$1,110,000
Interest rates	2.000% to 3.125%	2.00% to 3.50%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	April 1, 2025/2037	April 1, 2025/2037
Interest payment dates	October 1/ April 1	October 1/ April 1
Callable dates*	April 1, 2021	April 1, 2023
		Series 2018
Amount outstanding, June 30, 2024		\$5,550,000
Interest rates		3.00% to 5.00%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending		April 1, 2025/2046
Interest payment dates		October 1/ April 1
Callable date*		April 1, 2023

^{*}Or any date thereafter; callable at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

Annual Debt Service Requirements

The following schedule shows the annual debt service requirements to pay principal and interest on general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2024:

Year	 Principal		Interest		Total
2025	\$ 295,000	\$	261,090	\$	556,090
2026	315,000		253,550		568,550
2027	335,000		245,080		580,080
2028	330,000		236,019		566,019
2029	330,000		226,119		556,119
2030-2034	1,950,000		962,765		2,912,765
2035-2039	1,920,000		617,060		2,537,060
2040-2044	1,600,000		321,344		1,921,344
2045-2046	 750,000		42,188		792,188
Total	\$ 7,825,000	\$	3,165,215	\$	10,990,215

The bonds are payable from the proceeds of an ad valorem tax levied upon all property within the District subject to taxation, without limitation as to rate or amount.

Bonds voted	\$ 42,355,000
Bonds sold	16,175,000
Refunding bonds voted	27,355,000
Refunding bond authorization used	796,000

Note 5. Significant Bond Order and Commission Requirements

The Bond Orders require that the District levy and collect an ad valorem debt service tax sufficient to pay interest and principal on bonds when due. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the District levied an ad valorem debt service tax at the rate of \$0.2700 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$592,259 on the taxable valuation of \$219,356,175 for the 2023 tax year. The interest and principal requirements to be paid from the tax revenues and available resources are \$554,805 of which \$424,260 has been paid and \$130,545 is due October 1, 2024.

Note 6. Maintenance Taxes

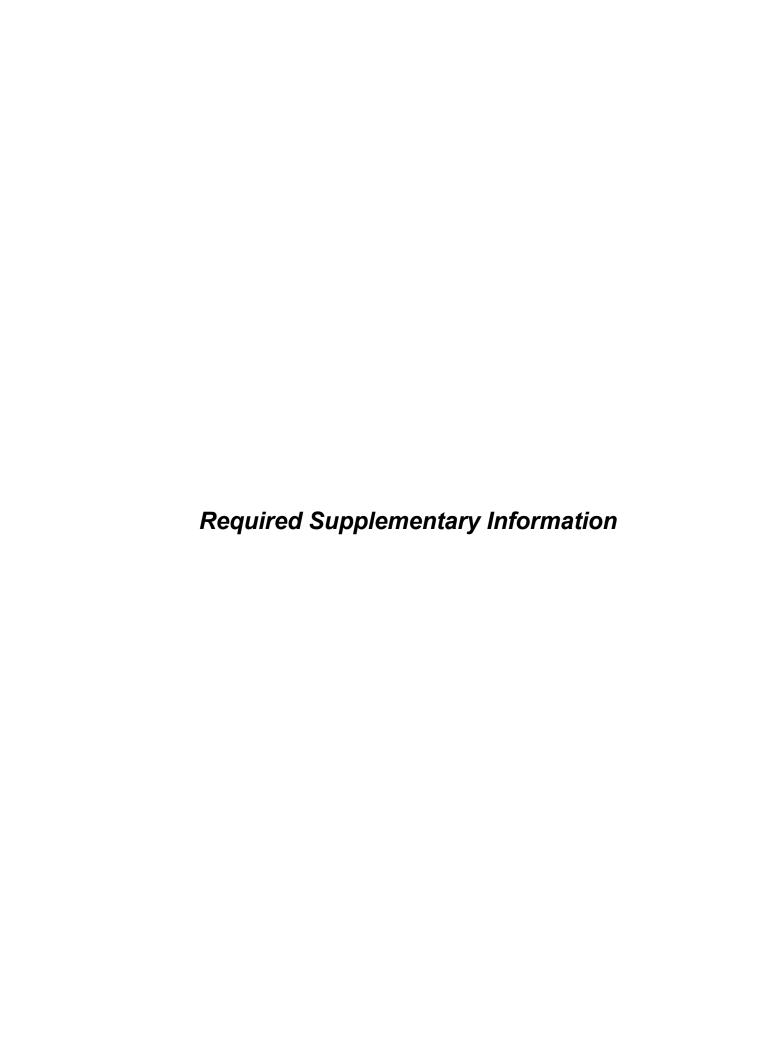
At an election held November 3, 2020, voters authorized a maintenance tax not to exceed \$0.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax at the rate of \$0.3400 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$745,808 on the taxable valuation of \$219,356,175 for the 2023 tax year. The maintenance tax is being used by the general fund to pay expenditures of operating the District.

Note 7. Regional Water Authority

The District is within the boundaries of the North Harris County Regional Water Authority (the Authority), which was created by the Texas Legislature. The Authority was created to provide a regional entity to acquire surface water and build the necessary facilities to convert from groundwater to surface water in order to meet conversion requirements mandated by the Harris-Galveston Subsidence District, which regulates groundwater withdrawal. As of June 30, 2024, the Authority was billing the District \$3.60 per 1,000 gallons of water pumped from its wells. This amount is subject to future adjustments.

Note 8. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts in the past three fiscal years.



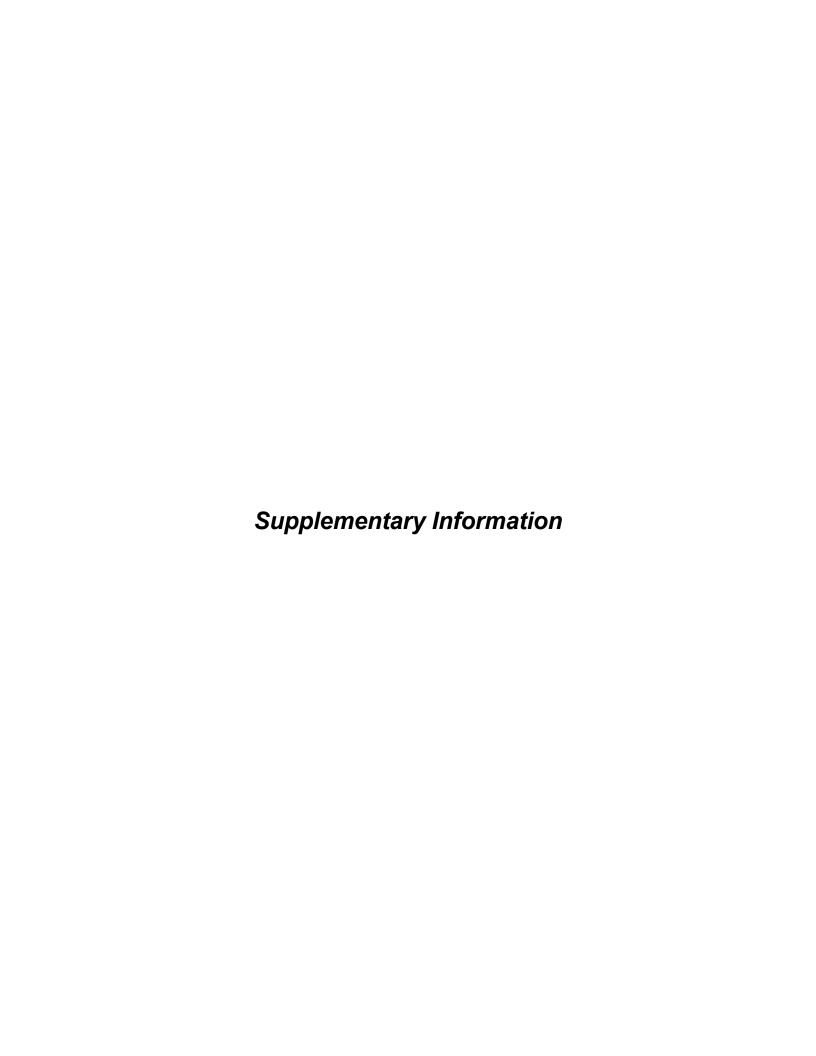
	Original Budget Actual			Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues	_		_		_	
Property taxes	\$	656,268	\$	728,198	\$	71,930
Water service		373,800		364,955		(8,845)
Sewer service		544,100		522,862		(21,238)
Regional water fee		385,300		318,617		(66,683)
Penalty and interest		73,200		66,508		(6,692)
Tap connection and inspection fees		33,900		-		(33,900)
Investment income		134,920		146,416		11,496
Total revenues		2,201,488		2,147,556		(53,932)
Expenditures						
Service operations:						
Regional water authority		385,300		334,447		50,853
Professional fees		186,200		174,106		12,094
Contracted services		590,000		576,621		13,379
Utilities		82,600		77,326		5,274
Repairs and maintenance		636,900		462,180		174,720
Other expenditures		140,754		182,925		(42,171)
Tap connections		25,500		-		25,500
Capital outlay		40,000		77,549		(37,549)
Total expenditures		2,087,254		1,885,154		202,100
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		114,234		262,402		148,168
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		2,747,034		2,747,034		<u>-</u>
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	2,861,268	\$	3,009,436	\$	148,168

Northwest Freeway Municipal Utility District Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2024

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual operating budget is prepared for the general fund by the District's Board of Directors and its consultants. The budget reflects resources expected to be received during the year and expenditures expected to be incurred. The Board of Directors is required to adopt the budget prior to the start of its fiscal year. The budget is not a spending limitation (a legally restricted appropriation). The original budget of the general fund was not amended during fiscal 2024.

The District prepares its annual operating budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund presents the original and revised budget amounts, if revised, compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.



Northwest Freeway Municipal Utility District Other Schedules Included Within This Report June 30, 2024

(Schedules included are checked or explanatory notes provided for omitted schedules.)

[X]	Notes Required by the Water District Accounting Manual See "Notes to Financial Statements," Pages 11-20
[X]	Schedule of Services and Rates
[X]	Schedule of General Fund Expenditures
[X]	Schedule of Temporary Investments
[X]	Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable
[X]	Schedule of Long-Term Debt Service Requirements by Years
[X]	Changes in Long-Term Bonded Debt
[X]	Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund and Debt Service Fund – Five Years
[X]	Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants

Northwest Freeway Municipal Utility District Schedule of Services and Rates Year Ended June 30, 2024

1.	Services provided by the District X Retail Water Retail Wastewater	: 	_Wholesale Wat _Wholesale Was		Iri	rainage rigation	
						ecurity oads ncy interconnec	t)
2.	Retail service providers						
	a. Retail rates for a 5/8" meter (c	or equivalent):					
		Minimum Charge	Minimum Usage	Flat Rate Y/N	Rate Per 1,000 Gallons Over Minimum	Usage Le	evels
	Water:	\$ 21.90	5,000	<u>N</u>	\$ 1.75 \$ 2.75	5,001 to 15,001 to	15,000 No Limit
	Wastewater:	\$ 36.69	0	Υ			
	Regional water fee:	\$ 3.96	1,000	N	\$ 3.96	1,001 to	No Limit
	Does the District employ winter a	averaging for was	stewater usage?			Yes	No_X
	Total charges per 10,000 gallons usage (including fees):			Wa	ater_\$ 70.25_	Wastewater	\$ 36.69
	b. Water and wastewater retail c						
	Meter Size		Tot Connec		Active Connections	ESFC Factor	Active ESFC*
	Unmetered			17	15	x1.0	15
	≤ 3/4" 1"			1,175	1,152	x1.0	1,152
	1 1/2"			3	3	x2.5 x5.0	<u>8</u>
	2"			6	6	x8.0	48
	- 3"			1	1	x15.0	15
	4"			-	-	x25.0	-
	6"			-	-	x50.0	-
	8"					x80.0	
	10"					x115.0	
	Total water			1,202	1,177	v4.0	1,238
	Total wastewater			1,195	1,172	x1.0	1,172
3.	Total water consumption (in thou Gallons pumped into the system		e fiscal year:				23,027
	Gallons billed to customers:						15,051
	Water accountability ratio (gallor	ns billed/gallons p	oumped):				65.36%

^{*&}quot;ESFC" means equivalent single-family connections

Northwest Freeway Municipal Utility District Schedule of General Fund Expenditures Year Ended June 30, 2024

Personnel (including benefits)		\$ -
Professional Fees Auditing Legal Engineering Financial advisor	\$ 20,700 105,631 46,775 1,000	174,106
Purchased Services for Resale Bulk water and wastewater service purchases		-
Regional Water Authority		334,447
Contracted Services Bookkeeping General manager Appraisal district Tax collector Security Other contracted services	65,774 - - - 170,619 121,452	357,845
Utilities		77,326
Repairs and Maintenance		462,180
Administrative Expenditures Directors' fees Office supplies Insurance Other administrative expenditures	19,639 20,073 44,127 99,086	182,925
Capital Outlay Capitalized assets Expenditures not capitalized	 73,399 4,150	77,549
Tap Connection Expenditures	_	-
Solid Waste Disposal		218,776
Fire Fighting		-
Parks and Recreation		-
Other Expenditures		
Total expenditures		\$ 1,885,154

	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Face Amount		li	ccrued nterest ceivable
General Fund						
Certificates of Deposit						
No. 91300012137786	5.50%	08/17/24	\$	150,000	\$	4,340
No. 440057728	5.50%	10/02/24		235,000		3,045
No. 6000048196	5.50%	07/24/24		150,000		4,182
No. 3300041638	5.15%	04/14/25		235,000		2,553
Texas CLASS	5.44%	Demand		2,132,703		
				2,902,703		14,120
Debt Service Fund						
Texas CLASS	5.44%	Demand		151,040		-
Capital Projects Fund						
Texas CLASS	5.44%	Demand		3,908,456		
Totals			\$	6,962,199	\$	14,120

		 ntenance Taxes	Debt Service Taxes		
Receivable, Beginning Additions and correct	ng of Year tions to prior years' taxes	\$ 26,066 (3,340)	\$	29,920 (3,596)	
Adjusted receive	vable, beginning of year	 22,726		26,324	
2023 Original Tax Lo Additions and correct		 678,084 67,724		538,479 53,780	
Adjusted tax le	vy	 745,808		592,259	
Total to be acc	ounted for	768,534		618,583	
Tax collections:	Current year Prior years	 (717,922) (10,276)		(570,115) (9,388)	
Receivable, en	d of year	\$ 40,336	\$	39,080	
Receivable, by Years 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 and prior		\$ 27,886 6,541 2,399 978 587 508 250 158 271 109 649	\$	22,144 5,771 3,309 1,761 1,057 935 460 297 597 442 2,307	
Receivable, en	d of year	\$ 40,336	\$	39,080	

Northwest Freeway Municipal Utility District Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021
Property Valuations Land Improvements Personal property Exemptions	\$ 52,955,815 175,202,812 4,669,730 (13,472,182)	\$ 50,830,165 149,754,189 3,717,567 (12,972,060)	\$ 40,890,348 130,930,020 1,904,834 (11,136,782)	\$ 39,555,897 117,929,264 1,833,616 (11,098,222)
Total property valuations	\$ 219,356,175	\$ 191,329,861	\$ 162,588,420	\$ 148,220,555
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation Debt service tax rates Maintenance tax rates* Total tax rates per \$100 valuation	\$ 0.2700 0.3400 \$ 0.6100	\$ 0.3000 0.3400 \$ 0.6400	\$ 0.4000 0.2900 \$ 0.6900	\$ 0.4500 0.2500 \$ 0.7000
Tax Levy	\$ 1,338,067	\$ 1,224,505	\$ 1,121,854	\$ 1,037,539
Percent of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied**	96%	99%	99%	99%

^{*}Maximum tax rate approved by voters: \$0.50 on November 3, 2020

^{**}Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

			Se	ries 2016	
Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30		 Principal Due April 1	0	erest Due ctober 1, April 1	Total
2025		\$ 75,000	\$	33,375	\$ 108,375
2026		75,000		31,875	106,875
2027		75,000		30,281	105,281
2028		75,000		28,594	103,594
2029		75,000		26,344	101,344
2030		75,000		24,094	99,094
2031		100,000		21,844	121,844
2032		100,000		18,844	118,844
2033		100,000		15,844	115,844
2034		100,000		12,844	112,844
2035		100,000		9,844	109,844
2036		100,000		6,718	106,718
2037		 115,000		3,593	 118,593
	Totals	\$ 1,165,000	\$	264,094	\$ 1,429,094

		Refunding Series 2017						
Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30			Principal Due April 1	Interest Due October 1, April 1			Total	
2025		\$	70,000	\$	34,527	\$	104,527	
2026		·	65,000	·	32,988		97,988	
2027			85,000		31,362		116,362	
2028			80,000		29,238		109,238	
2029			80,000		26,837		106,837	
2030			75,000		24,438		99,438	
2031			80,000		22,187		102,187	
2032			85,000		19,788		104,788	
2033			95,000		16,918		111,918	
2034			90,000		13,713		103,713	
2035			95,000		10,674		105,674	
2036			100,000		7,350		107,350	
2037			110,000		3,850		113,850	
	Totals	\$	1,110,000	\$	273,870	\$	1,383,870	

		Series 2018						
Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30			Principal Interest Due Due October 1, April 1 April 1				Total	
2025		\$	150,000	\$	193,188	\$	343,188	
2026		•	175,000		188,687	·	363,687	
2027			175,000		183,437		358,437	
2028			175,000		178,187		353,187	
2029			175,000		172,938		347,938	
2030			200,000		167,469		367,469	
2031			200,000		161,219		361,219	
2032			200,000		154,719		354,719	
2033			225,000		148,219		373,219	
2034			225,000		140,625		365,625	
2035			250,000		132,750		382,750	
2036			250,000		124,000		374,000	
2037			250,000		115,250		365,250	
2038			275,000		106,500		381,500	
2039			275,000		96,531		371,531	
2040			300,000		86,563		386,563	
2041			300,000		75,687		375,687	
2042			325,000		64,813		389,813	
2043			325,000		53,031		378,031	
2044			350,000		41,250		391,250	
2045			375,000		28,125		403,125	
2046			375,000		14,063		389,063	
	Totals	\$	5,550,000	\$	2,627,251	\$	8,177,251	

		Annual Requirements For All Series						
Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30		Total Total Principal Interest Due Due			Total Principal and Interest Due			
2025	\$	295,000	\$	261,090	\$	556,090		
2026		315,000		253,550		568,550		
2027		335,000		245,080		580,080		
2028		330,000		236,019		566,019		
2029		330,000		226,119		556,119		
2030		350,000		216,001		566,001		
2031		380,000		205,250		585,250		
2032		385,000		193,351		578,351		
2033		420,000		180,981		600,981		
2034		415,000		167,182		582,182		
2035		445,000		153,268		598,268		
2036		450,000		138,068		588,068		
2037		475,000		122,693		597,693		
2038		275,000		106,500		381,500		
2039		275,000		96,531		371,531		
2040		300,000		86,563		386,563		
2041		300,000		75,687		375,687		
2042		325,000		64,813		389,813		
2043		325,000		53,031		378,031		
2044		350,000		41,250		391,250		
2045		375,000		28,125		403,125		
2046		375,000		14,063		389,063		
Tota	ls <u>\$</u>	7,825,000	\$	3,165,215	\$	10,990,215		

Northwest Freeway Municipal Utility District Changes in Long-Term Bonded Debt Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Bond	Issue	s		
	Se	eries 2016		Refunding eries 2017	s	Series 2018		Totals
Interest rates		2.000% to 3.125%		2.00% to 3.50%	3.00% to 5.00%			
Dates interest payable	October 1/ April 1		October 1/ April 1		(October 1/ April 1		
Maturity dates		April 1, 025/2037	2	April 1, 2025/2037	2	April 1, 2025/2046		
Bonds outstanding, beginning of current year	\$	1,240,000	\$	1,175,000	\$	5,700,000	\$	8,115,000
Retirements, principal		75,000		65,000		150,000		290,000
Bonds outstanding, end of current year	\$	1,165,000	\$	1,110,000	\$	5,550,000	\$	7,825,000
Interest paid during current year	\$	34,875	\$	35,958	\$	197,687	\$	268,520
Paying agent's name and address:								
Series 2016 - Amegy Bank National Associ Series 2017 - Amegy Bank National Associ ZB, National Association, dba	ation, H	ouston, Texa	s	exas				
Bond authority:			1	ax Bonds	0	ther Bonds	F	Refunding Bonds
Amount authorized by voters Amount issued Remaining to be issued			\$ \$ \$	42,355,000 16,175,000 26,180,000	\$ \$ \$	- - -	\$ \$ \$	27,355,000 796,000 26,559,000
Debt service fund cash and temporary investment	nt balan	ces as of Jun	e 30,	2024:			\$	236,382
Average annual debt service payment (principal	and inte	erest) for rema	ainina	term of all del	ot:		\$	499,555

Northwest Freeway Municipal Utility District Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund Five Years Ended June 30,

			Amounts		
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
General Fund					
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 728,198	\$ 639,794	\$ 467,874	\$ 370,963	\$ 349,987
Water service	364,955	361,111	349,020	351,218	348,191
Sewer service	522,862	528,741	498,671	488,132	479,879
Regional water fee	318,617	366,398	355,017	346,845	322,855
Penalty and interest	66,508	65,287	60,444	58,727	45,578
Tap connection and inspection fees	-	30,803	1,920	-	-
Investment income Other income	146,416 	86,988 	8,922 	21,362 	46,460 38,055
Total revenues	2,147,556	2,079,122	1,741,868	1,637,247	1,631,005
Expenditures					
Service operations:					
Purchased sewer services	-	-	-	19,704	-
Regional water authority	334,447	377,998	377,858	368,118	355,444
Professional fees	174,106	159,709	165,419	140,030	164,270
Contracted services	576,621	562,007	509,015	488,231	479,319
Utilities	77,326	80,514	76,808	66,038	71,551
Repairs and maintenance	462,180	495,216	402,687	298,524	235,723
Other expenditures	182,925	104,912	97,424	169,021	89,522
Tap connections	-	17,800	600	-	400
Capital outlay	77,549	41,251	35,422	112,051	
Total expenditures	1,885,154	1,839,407	1,665,233	1,661,717	1,396,229
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	262,402	239,715	76,635	(24,470)	234,776
Other Financing Sources Proceeds from insurance				100,540	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures					
and Other Financing Uses	262,402	239,715	76,635	76,070	234,776
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	2,747,034	2,507,319	2,430,684	2,354,614	2,119,838
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 3,009,436	\$ 2,747,034	\$ 2,507,319	\$ 2,430,684	\$ 2,354,614
Total Active Retail Water Connections	1,177	1,150	1,170	1,161	1,153
Total Active Retail Wastewater Connections	1,172	1,145	1,142	1,151	1,150

2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
33.9 %	30.8 %	26.9 %	22.7 %	21.5
17.0	17.4	20.0	21.4	21.3
24.4	25.0	28.6	29.8	29.4
14.8	17.6	20.4	21.2	19.8
3.1	3.1	3.5	3.6	2.8
-	1.9	0.1	-	-
6.8	4.2	0.5	1.3	2.9
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	2.3
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
			1.2	
- 15.6	18.2	21.7	22.5	21.8
8.1	7.7	9.5	8.6	10.1
26.9	27.0	29.2	29.8	29.4
3.6	3.9	4.4	4.0	4.4
21.5	23.8	23.1	18.3	14.4
8.5	5.1	5.6	10.3	5.5
-	0.9	0.0	-	0.0
3.6	1.9	2.1	6.8	
87.8	88.5	95.6	101.5	85.6
12.2 %	11.5 %	4.4 %	(1.5) %	14.4

Northwest Freeway Municipal Utility District Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Debt Service Fund Five Years Ended June 30,

			Amounts		
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Debt Service Fund				· -	
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 579,503	\$ 568,441	\$ 648,820	\$ 667,735	\$ 631,946
Penalty and interest	20,838	15,217	19,606	13,236	23,446
Investment income	7,460	7,938	565	334	7,983
Total revenues	607,801	591,596	668,991	681,305	663,375
Expenditures					
Current:					
Professional fees	8,167	8,166	5,684	4,474	11,641
Contracted services	29,340	26,217	25,515	24,882	26,406
Other expenditures	19,409	16,759	18,977	19,661	17,160
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	290,000	265,000	265,000	545,000	530,000
Interest and fees	270,021	280,470	290,920	312,820	330,695
Total expenditures	616,937	596,612	606,096	906,837	915,902
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	(9,136)	(5,016)	62,895	(225,532)	(252,527)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	220,580	225,596	162,701	388,233	640,760
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 211,444	\$ 220,580	\$ 225,596	\$ 162,701	\$ 388,233

2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
95.4 %	96.1 %	97.0 %	98.0 %	95.3
3.4	2.6	2.9	1.9	3.5
1.2	1.3	0.1	0.1	1.2
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1.4	1.4	0.9	0.7	1.8
4.8	4.4	3.8	3.6	4.0
3.2	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.6
47.7	44.8	39.6	80.0	79.9
44.4	47.4	43.5	45.9	49.8
101.5	100.8	90.6	133.1	138.1
(1.5) %	(0.8) %	9.4 %	(33.1) %	(38.1)

Northwest Freeway Municipal Utility District Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Year Ended June 30, 2024

Complete District mailing address: Northwest Freeway Municipal Utility District

c/o Schwartz, Page & Harding, L.L.P. 1300 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 2400

Houston, Texas 77056

District business telephone number: 713.623.4531

Submission date of the most recent District Registration Form

(TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054):

Limit on fees of office that a director may receive during a fiscal year:

May 23, 2024

7,200

\$

Board Members	Term of Office Elected & Expires	 Fees*	Expense Reimbursements		Title at Year-end
Tom Wildrick	Elected 05/22- 05/26	\$ 3,607	\$	1,437	President
Carlos Heredia	Elected 05/22- 05/26	7,200		3,168	Vice President
William White	Elected 05/22- 05/26	2,944		477	Secretary
Arthur R. Jones V	Elected 05/24- 05/28	442		80	Assistant Secretary
Alex Reyes	Elected 05/24- 05/28	442		80	Assistant Secretary
Barry A. Campbell	Elected 05/20- 05/24	2,502		409	Term Expired
Charles "Kendrick" Dudley	Elected 05/20- 05/24	2,502		398	Term Expired

^{*}Fees are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

Consultants	Date Hired	Fees and Expense Reimbursements	Title
Forvis Mazars, LLP	04/01/86	\$ 21,300	Auditor
The GMS Group, L.L.C.	01/26/98	1,000	Financial Advisor
Harris Central Appraisal District	Legislative Action	10,733	Appraiser
Municipal Accounts & Consulting, L.P.	Prior to 07/01/83	70,552	Bookkeeper
Regional Water Corporation	07/28/97	306,439	Operator
Sander Engineering Corporation	01/18/84	163,256	Engineer
Schwartz, Page & Harding, L.L.P.	03/11/77	165,927	General Counsel
Ted A. Cox, P.C.	Prior to 07/01/97	8,167	Delinquent Tax Attorney
Wheeler & Associates, Inc.	01/22/81	30,886	Tax Assessor/ Collector
Investment Officers	_		
Mark M. Burton and Ghia Lewis	12/16/02	N/A	Bookkeepers